## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

## **LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

Please amend the claims presently on file as follows:

Claim 1. (previously presented) An hydrophobic GRF analog of formula A:

 $X \longrightarrow GRF-peptide$  (A)

wherein; the GRF peptide is a peptide of formula B;

A1-A2-Asp-Ala-Ile-Phe-Thr-A8-Ser-Tyr-Arg-Lys-A13-Leu-A15-Gln-Leu-A-18-Ala-Arg-Lys-Leu-Leu-A24-A25-Ile-A27-A28-Arg-A30- $R_0$  (B) wherein,

A1 is Tyr or His;

A2 is Val or Ala;

A8 is Asn or Ser;

A13 is Val or Ile;

A15 is Ala or Gly;

A18 is Ser or Tyr;

A24 is Gln or His;

A25 is Asp or Glu;

A27 is Met, Ile or Nle;

A28 is Ser or Asn;

A30 is a bond or any amino acid sequence of 1 up to 15 residues;

 $\mathbf{R_0}$  is NH<sub>2</sub> or NH<sub>-</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>) $\mathbf{n}$ -CONH<sub>2</sub>, with  $\mathbf{n}$ =1 to 12 and

X is a hydrophobic tail anchored via an amide bond to the N-terminus of the peptide and said hydrophobic tail defining a backbone of 5 to 7 atoms;

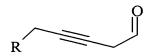
wherein said backbone can be substituted by C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, or

C<sub>6-12</sub> aryl and said backbone comprises at least one rigidifying moiety

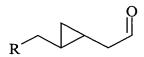
connected to at least two atoms of the backbone;

said moiety selected from the group consisting of triple bond, saturated or unsaturated  $C_{3-9}$  cycloalkyl, and  $C_{6-12}$  aryl.

Claim 2. (currently amended) The hydrophobic GRF analog of claim 1, wherein X is selected from the group consisting of:



1 (R=H or CH<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)



2 (R=H or CH<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>) <u>cis</u> or <u>trans</u>, both as racemic mixtures or pure enantiomeric pairs



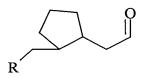
3 (R=H or CH<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)
<u>cis</u> or trans, both as racemic mixtures
or pure enantiomeric pairs



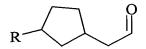
4 (R=H or CH<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)

cis or trans, (when R  $\neq$  H)

both as racemic mixtures or pure enantiomeric pairs



5 (R=H or CH<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)
cis or trans, both as racemic mixtures
or pure enantiomeric pairs

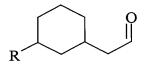


6 (R=H or CH<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)

<u>cis or trans</u>, (when R ≠ H)

<u>both as racemic mixtures</u>
or pure enantiomeric pairs

7 (R=H or CH<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)
<u>cis</u> or <u>trans</u>, both as racemic mixtures
or pure enantiomeric pairs

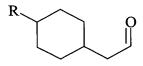


8 (R=H or CH<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)

<u>cis or trans</u>, (when R ≠ H)

<u>both as racemic mixtures</u>

<u>or pure enantiomeric pairs</u>



9 (R=H or CH<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)

<u>cis or trans, (when R ≠ H)</u>

<u>both as racemic mixtures</u>

<u>or pure enantiomeric pairs</u>

10 (R=H or CH<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)

11 (R=H or CH<sub>3</sub> or CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)

12 (R=H or  $CH_3$  or  $CH_2CH_3$ )

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## Claim 3. (Canceled)

Claim 4. (previously presented) A method for increasing the level of growth hormone in a patient, the method comprising administering to said patient an effective amount of a GRF analog as claimed in claim 1.

Claim 5. (previously presented) A method for the diagnosis of growth hormone deficiency in a patient, the method comprising administering to said patient an effective amount of a GRF analog as claimed in claim 1 and measuring growth hormone response.

Claim 6. (currently amended) A method for the treatment of pituitary drawfism dwarfism or growth retardation in a patient, the method comprising administering to said patient an effective amount of a GRF analog as claimed in claim 1.

- Claim 7. (previously presented) A method for the treatment of wound or bone healing in a patient, the method comprising administering to said patient an effective amount of a GRF analog as claimed in claim 1.
- Claim 8. (previously presented) A method for the treatment of osteoporosis in a patient, the method comprising administering to said patient an effective amount of a GRF analog as claimed in claim 1.
- Claim 9. (previously presented) A method for improving protein anabolism in a human or an animal, the method comprising administering to said human or animal an effective amount of a GRF analog as claimed in claim 1.
- Claim 10. (previously presented) A method for inducing a lipolytic effect in a human or an animal inflicted with clinical obesity, the method comprising administering to the human or animal an effective amount of a GRF analog as claimed in claim 1.
- Claim 11. (new) A method for the overall upgrading of somatroph function in human or animal, the method comprising administering to said patient an effective amount of a GRF analog as claimed in claim 1.
- Claim 12. (new) A pharmaceutical formulation for inducing growth hormone release comprising: a GRF analog as claimed in claim 1, as an active ingredient, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient, or diluent in association with said GRF analog.